

Office of the Washington State Auditor Pat McCarthy

Charter School Accountability and Opportunities for Collaboration

Joint Legislative Audit and Review Committee December 12, 2018

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Summary of results



Varied in enrollment of at-risk students

- Limited influence on enrollment
- Not well known
- Unable to fully use weighted enrollment



Generally met requirements for government transparency

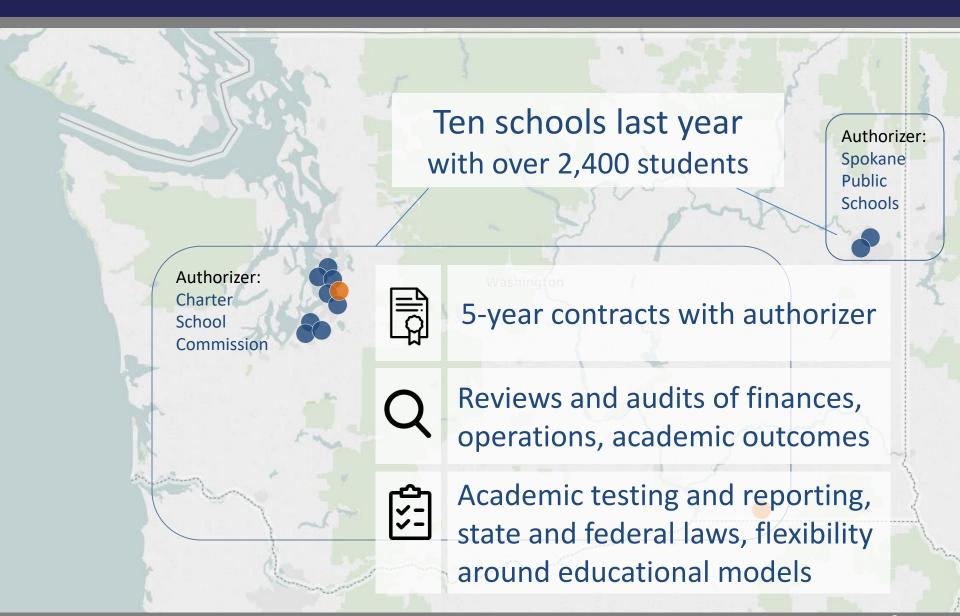


Met OSPI's requirements for teacher certification



Had mixed relationships with local school districts and neighboring traditional schools

Overview of charter schools in Washington



Audit objectives

- Do performance frameworks align with laws and leading practices?
- Have charter schools enrolled the types of students they intended to serve?
- Have charter schools complied with teacher certification and government transparency laws?
- Do charter schools, traditional schools, and school districts collaborate and coordinate?

Frameworks align with laws and leading practices

Academic performance

Proficiency, growth,
achievement gaps by student
group, attendance, recurrent
enrollment, graduation,
postsecondary readiness

Financial & Operational

Financial performance and sustainability, board

Leading practices

State laws

Mission-specific goals, **disaggregated** student data



Uniform implementation

compliance



State and federal requirements, common indicators, targets and ratings

Charter schools' intended student population

Statutes emphasize enrolling at-risk students such as:

- Free and reduced-price lunch
- Special education
- English language learners

Other characteristics evaluated:

- Students of color
- Diversity

Refer to page 15 in the audit report for details on diversity and students of color.



Charters varied in enrolling at-risk students

Charter schools varied when enrolling certain at-risk student groups

Free and reduced-price lunch



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Free and reduced-price lunch

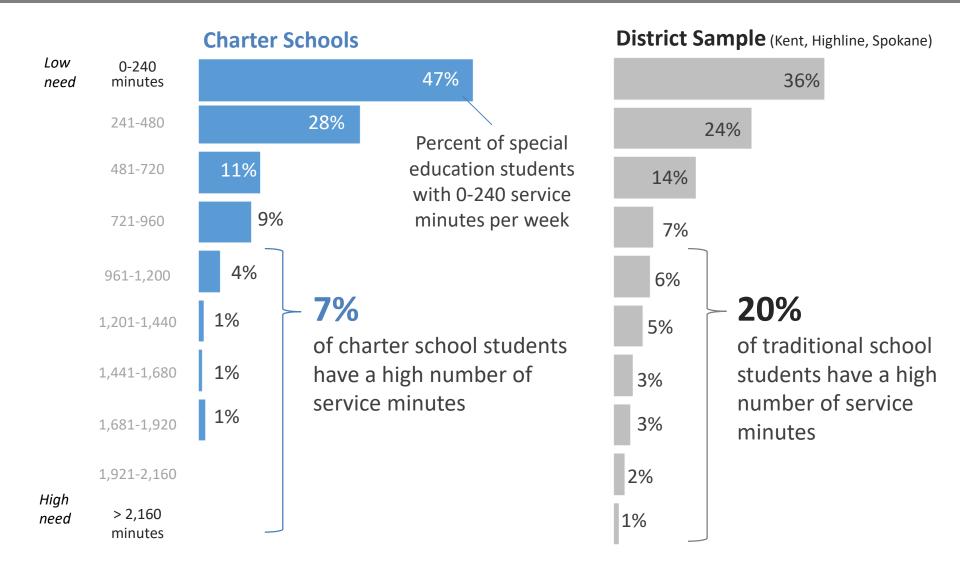
Higher percentage than district

Higher percentage than neighboring schools

Special education



Charter schools enrolled fewer students with higher needs



Charters varied in enrolling at-risk students

Charter schools varied when enrolling certain at-risk student groups

Free and reduced-price lunch



Special education

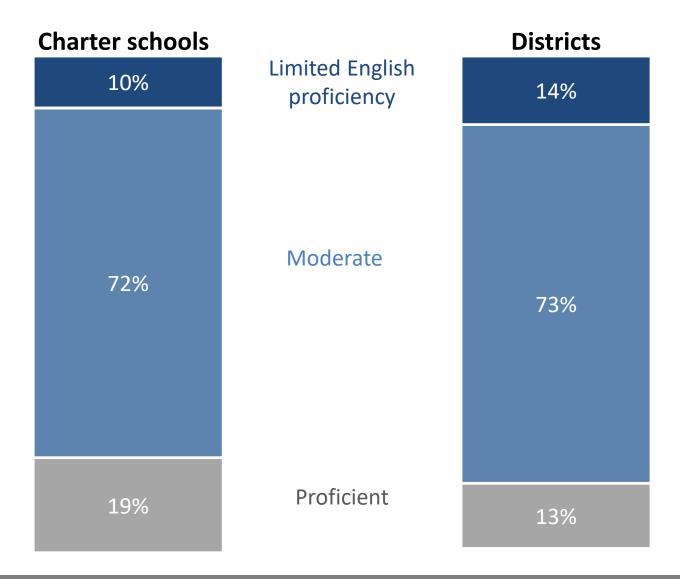


English language learners



Compared to neighboring schools

Charters enrolled similar distribution of English learners



What helps explain these results?

1

Limited influence on enrollment

Charters balance enrolling at-risk students while accepting any student that applies.

3

Not all populations tracked or measured

Some intended student groups not tracked or measured for fear of discrimination and legal risks.

Not well known

Charters are new; misconceptions exist about charter schools.

4

Unable to fully use weighted enrollment

Laws require that Charter School Commission review and approve, even if it is not the authorizer.

Weighted preferences could impinge on other laws.

Charters met OSPI's teacher certification requirements

- ✓ Teacher professional qualifications that meet requirements for:
 - State certification and licensure
 - Subject matter endorsement
 - Teaching assignments
- Or, appropriate school board approval if teachers were placed out of endorsement or out of field
- ★ Highly qualified paraeducators that meet state requirements

Charters largely complied with Open Public Meetings Act



Information about meeting time and place



Meeting agendas online



Document decisions



Prompt meeting minutes



Train board within 90 days



Charters largely complied with Public Records Act



Appoint, **train**, post **contact inform**Public Records Officer



Establish and publish procedures



Publish costs, index, exemptions

Opportunities for collaboration

Charter schools authorized by a school district coordinated, shared decisions, and met district needs **Embedded Mature Developing Coordinator** guides **Emerging** Jointly addressing or **centralizes** work **Shared goals** district-wide Charters fill a niche Limited problems Parties **share** Formal agreements Dependent on Poor or ad-hoc resources (e.g. individual initiative Identifying **Monitoring** and communication enrollment additional or **relationships** controlling how systems) opportunities to collaboration Dependent on District and schoolimprove Charters fill a niche occurs individual initiative level communication Shared decision Open hostility and coordination making Less mature

More mature

Recommendations

To the Legislature

 Consider statutory changes to require approval of admissions policies and weighted enrollment preferences by the charter school's authorizer

To charter schools and authorizers

- Continue exploring weighted enrollment preferences
- Track and measure enrollment of targeted student groups

To charter schools

 Establish all basic procedural requirements and incorporate leading practices on government transparency

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